Matter of Citigroup Global Mkts., Inc. v Fiorilla

2015 NY Slip Op 03056

Decided on April 9, 2015

Appellate Division, First Department

Published by New York State Law Reporting Bureau pursuant to Judiciary Law § 431.

This opinion is uncorrected and subject to revision before publication in the Official Reports.

Decided on April 9, 2015 Tom, J.P., Sweeny, Renwick, Andrias, JJ.

14747 653017/13

[*1] In re Citigroup Global Markets, Inc., et al., Petitioners-Respondents,

V

John Leopoldo Fiorilla, etc., Respondent-Appellant.

Conway & Conway, New York (Kevin P. Conway of counsel), for appellant.

Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP, New York (Gerard E. Harper of counsel), for respondents.

Judgment, Supreme Court, New York County (Charles E. Ramos, J.), entered May 12, 2014, granting the petition to vacate an arbitral award, and awarding respondent \$800,000 in full and complete satisfaction of all claims made in the arbitration and any

claims arising out of the same nucleus of fact as those brought in respondent's amended statement of claim in the arbitration, unanimously affirmed, without costs.

The motion court properly vacated the arbitration award based on a prior settlement agreement. The arbitrators manifestly disregarded the law by failing to enforce the settlement that respondent and petitioner Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. entered into on April 29, 2012. Notably, petitioners provided the relevant law regarding the enforcement of settlement agreements (*see Kowalchuk v Stroup*, 61 AD3d 118 [1st Dept 2009]) in their motions to enforce the agreement, but the arbitrators ignored the law and denied the motions without explanation (*see Wien & Malkin LLP v Helmsley-Spear, Inc.*, 6 NY3d 471, 481 [2006], *cert dismissed* 548 US 940 [2006]). "Although arbitrators have no obligation to explain their awards, when a reviewing court is inclined to hold that an arbitration panel manifestly disregarded the law, the failure of the arbitrators to explain the award can be taken into account" (*Matter of Spear, Leeds & Kellogg v Bullseye Sec.*, 291 AD2d 255, 256 [1st Dept 2002] [internal quotation marks omitted]).

We have considered respondent's remaining arguments and find them unavailing.

THIS CONSTITUTES THE DECISION AND ORDER

OF THE SUPREME COURT, APPELLATE DIVISION, FIRST DEPARTMENT.

ENTERED: APRIL 9, 2015

DEPUTY CLERK

Return to Decision List